Pressure Relief Valve
Deflagration-proof and Endurance Burning-proof

PROTEGO® P/EBR

Function and Description

The deflagration-proof and endurance burning-proof P/EBR type PROTEGO® valve is a highly developed pressure relief valve for large flows with an integrated flame arrester unit. It is primarily used as a safety device for flame transmission-proof out-breathing on tanks, containers, and process equipment. The valve offers reliable protection against overpressure and prevents product losses almost up to the set pressure, while at the same time protecting against atmospheric deflagration and endurance burning if stabilized burning occurs. The PROTEGO® flame arrester unit is designed to achieve minimum pressure drop with maximum safety. P/EBR valves are available for substances from explosion groups IIA and IIB3 (NEC group D and C MESG ≥ 0.65 mm).

If the set pressure is reached for a valve approved for explosion Group IIA (NEC group D), the valve starts to open and reaches full lift within 10% overpressure. This unique 10% technology enables a set pressure that is only 10% below the maximum allowable working pressure (MAWP) of the tank. After years of development, this typical opening characteristic of a safety relief valve is now also available for the low pressure range. Valves approved for explosion group IIB3 (NEC group C) function proportionally, so the set pressures should be selected in relation to the proportional behavior (such as a 10%, 40%, or 100% overpressure from the set pressure to the relieving pressure at which the required flow performance is reached).

If the set pressure is exceeded, explosive gas/product vapor/air mixtures are released into the atmosphere. If this mixture ignites, the integrated PROTEGO® flame arrester unit (3) prevents flame transmission into the tank. If additional mixture continues to flow and stabilized burning occurs, the integrated flame arrester unit prevents flashback as a result of endurance burning. The valve is protected and also fulfils its function under these severe conditions. The spring-loaded weather hood opens as soon as the melting element (4) melts.

The valve can be used at an operating temperature of up to +60°C / 140°F and meets the requirements of European tank design standard EN 14015 (Appendix L) and ISO 28300 (API 2000).

Type-approved in accordance with the current ATEX Directive, as well as other international standards.

Special Features and Advantages

- 10% technology for minimum pressure increase up to full lift (applies to explosion group IIA)
- extreme tightness, resulting in lowest possible product losses and reduced environmental pollution
- due to 10% technology, set pressure is close to opening pressure for optimum pressure maintenance in the system as compared to conventional 40% or 100% technology
- valve opens later and closes earlier than conventional valves
- valve pallet is guided inside the housing to protect against harsh weather conditions
- can be used as protective system in areas with potentially explosive atmospheres in accordance with ATEX
- FLAMEFILTER® provides protection against atmospheric deflagrations and endurance burning
- integrated PROTEGO® flame arrester unit saves space and weight and reduces costs
- PROTEGO® flame arrester unit is protected from clogging and sticky substances caused by product vapors
- minimum pressure loss of the PROTEGO® flame arrester unit
- flameproof condensate drain
- maintenance-friendly design
- modular design enables replacement of individual FLAMEFILTER® discs and valve pallet

Pressure settings:
+3.5 mbar up to +210 mbar
+1.4 inch W.C. up to +84 inch W.C.
Higher pressure settings upon request.

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KA / 7 / 0320 / GB
Design Types and Specifications
The valve pallet is weight-loaded. At set pressures >80 mbar (32.1 inch W.C.), an extended design is used.

Table 1: Dimensions
To select the nominal size (DN), please use the flow capacity charts on the following page.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DN</th>
<th>80 / 3&quot;</th>
<th>80 / 3&quot;</th>
<th>100 / 4&quot;</th>
<th>100 / 4&quot;</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Set pressure</td>
<td>≤ +80 mbar</td>
<td>&gt; +80 mbar</td>
<td>≤ +80 mbar</td>
<td>&gt; +80 mbar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>≤ +32.1 inch W.C.</td>
<td>&gt; +32.1 inch W.C.</td>
<td>≤ +32.1 inch W.C.</td>
<td>&gt; +32.1 inch W.C.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>a</td>
<td>353 / 13.90</td>
<td>353 / 13.90</td>
<td>353 / 13.90</td>
<td>353 / 13.90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b</td>
<td>345 / 13.58</td>
<td>505 / 19.88</td>
<td>345 / 13.58</td>
<td>505 / 19.88</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dimensions for pressure relief valve with heating jacket upon request.

Table 2: Selection of explosion group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MESG</th>
<th>Expl. Gr. (IEC/CEN)</th>
<th>Gas Group (NEC)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 0.90 mm</td>
<td>II A</td>
<td>D</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>&gt; 0.65 mm</td>
<td>II B3</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special approvals upon request.

Table 3: Material selection for housing

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Design</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Housing</td>
<td>Steel</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heating jacket (P/EBR-H-...)</td>
<td>Steel</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve seat</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weather hood</td>
<td>Steel</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special materials upon request.

Table 4: Material combination of flame arrester unit

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Design</th>
<th>A</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLAMEFILTER® casing</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FLAMEFILTER®</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spacer</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special materials upon request.

Table 5: Material selection for valve pallet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Design</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pressure range (mbar)</td>
<td>+3.5 up to +5.0</td>
<td>+5.0 up to +14</td>
<td>+14 up to +210</td>
<td>&gt; +14 up to +210</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(inch W.C.)</td>
<td>+1.4 up to +2.0</td>
<td>+2.0 up to +5.6</td>
<td>+5.6 up to +84</td>
<td>&gt; +5.6 up to +84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Valve pallet</td>
<td>Aluminum</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
<td>Stainless Steel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sealing</td>
<td>FEP</td>
<td>FEP</td>
<td>Metal to Metal</td>
<td>PTFE</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special materials and higher pressure settings upon request.

Table 6: Flange connection type

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EN 1092-1; Form B1</th>
<th>ASME B16.5 CL 150 R.F.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Other types upon request.
Pressure Relief Valve
Flow Capacity Charts

PROTEGO® P/EBR

airflow in thousands of CFH

flow rate V (m³/h)

Pressure Relief Valve
PROTEGO® P/EBR

Flow Capacity Charts

P/EBR-IIA
DN 80 / 3” and 100 / 4”

10 % overpressure

flow rate V (m³/h)

airflow in thousands of CFH

flow rate V (m³/h)

Remark

set pressure = \frac{\text{opening pressure resp. tank design pressure}}{1 + \frac{\text{overpressure %}}{100}}

Set pressure = the valve starts to open
Opening pressure = set pressure plus overpressure
Overpressure % = percentage pressure increase over the set pressure

The flow capacity charts have been determined with a calibrated and TÜV certified flow capacity test rig.
Volume flow V in (m³/h) and CFH refer to the standard reference conditions of air in ISO 6358 (20°C, 1bar). For conversion to other densities and temperatures, refer to Sec. 1: “Technical Fundamentals.”

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